











Regional Specialization Strategy in Critical Raw Materials in Centro of Portugal (PT)

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CENTRO REGION (PT) IN THE NATIONAL CONTEXT

• Population (2011): 2 256 364 inhabitants; (22.0% of Portugal)

• Area: 28,200 km² (31,0% of Portugal)

Gross Domestic Product, GDP (2014); (18.0% of Portugal)

• GDP per capita (2014): 14.392 euros; (86.0% of Portugal)

• **GDP in PPS** *per* inhabitant (2014); (67,4 / EU28 = 100)

Exports of goods (2014): 9.648 million euros; (19,0% of Portugal)











CENTRO REGION (PT) IN THE NATIONAL CONTEXT

GVA in industrial sector **Exports/Imports of Goods** 140[%] 120 Coverage rate of import and export goods in Portugal and in 100 80 60 24 24,1 23,6 22 **Relative Resilience of Employment →** Portugal **→** Centro





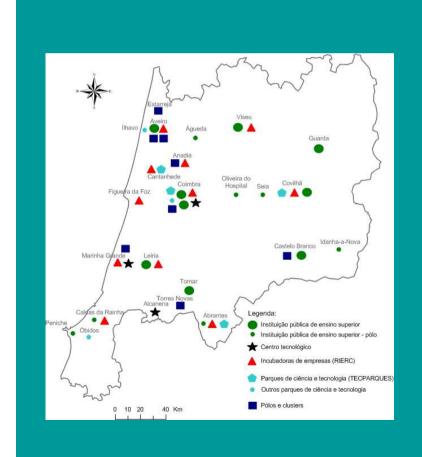








CENTRO REGION (PT) A BALANCED SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL SYSTEM



- 9 public higher education institutions
- ★ 3 technology transfer centers
- 11 business incubators (in a network)
- 7 science and technology parks
- 3 clusters and 5 poles of regionally-basedCompetitiveness

+

73.000 companies

A polynuclear network of medium-sized cities











CENTRO REGION (PT) - REGIONAL STRATEGY - THE RIS3

4 innovation hubs, based in 8 temathic domains and in cross cutting priorities were defined in the RIS3 process of the Centro Region



Sustainable resources

Cross cutting priorities

Energy efficiency

Territorial cohesion

Internationalization

1. Sustainable industrial solutions

2. Valorization and efficient use of natural endogenous resources

3. Technology supporting quality of life

4. Territorial innovation











CENTRO REGION (PT) - REGIONAL STRATEGY - THE RIS3

1. Sustainable industrial solutions

Promotion of sustainable materials, products and processes leading to a new industry as a reply to societal challenges such as the efficient use of resources, circular economy, mitigation of climate changes and Industry 4.0.

2. Valorization and efficient use of naturār endogenous resources

Valorization of endogenous resources, mapping and preserving them as well as creating new added value products for different sectors. Monitoring and integrated management of endogenous resources.

3. Technology supporting quality of life

Development of technologies and solutions for health prevention, diagnosis and new treatments. Healthy and active ageing solutions. ICT systems development. Welfare and health tourism integrated offer.

4. Territorial innovation

Territory innovation projects development from low density rural areas innovation to sustainable cities solutions as a test bed for green and low-carbon economy as well as for tourism qualification and regional competitiveness.











CENTRO REGION (PT) - REGIONAL STRATEGY - THE RIS3 HUBS AND THEMES IN CRITICAL RAW MATERIALS

1. Sustainable industrial solutions

- Promotion of projects that will lead to an efficient use of resources (energy, water and materials) including decarbonization and reducing other impacts as well as the valuation of mineral resources in the region;
- Recycling, reuse and recovery of waste and by-products as secondary raw materials, including industrial symbiosis.

- 2. Valorization and efficient use of natural endogenous resources
- Promotion of study and research initiatives of the geological resources of the region;
- Promotion of enhancement projects of geological resources of the region, particularly in the application of new technologies for the detection and exploitation of deep deposits (land and sea) and metallic low concentration deposits.





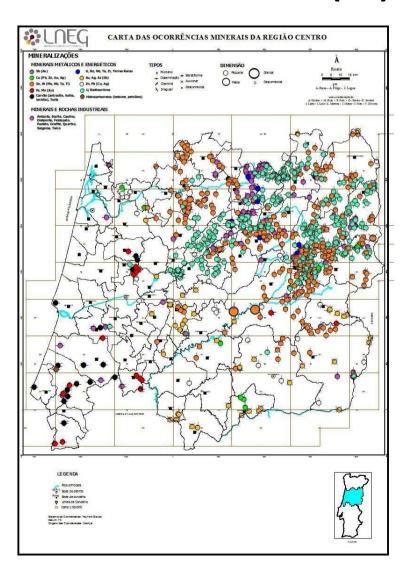








CENTRO REGION (PT) - MINERAL OCCURRENCES



metallic and energetic minerals

	Antimony (Au)
	Copper (Pb, Zn, Au and Ag)
	Tin, Tungsten (Mo, Nb, Ta, Tl)
	Iron, Manganese (Au)
•	Coal
	Uranium, Beryllium , Niobium , Tantalum and Zirconium
	Gold, Silver, Arsenic (Sb)
0	Zinc, Lead (Cu, Ag)
	Uranium
	Hydrocarbonates

nonmetallic minerals











CENTRO REGION (PT) - CRITICAL RAW MATERIALS

In a small scale, the following critical raw materials occur in the Centro Region:

- Antimony;
- Manganese;
- Beryllium;
- Niobium.

In small, medium and large scale, the following critical raw material occurs in the Centro Region:

Tunsgten.



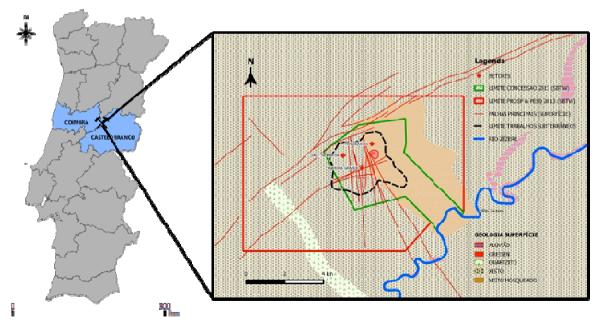








Portugal has been the main European producer of Tungsten but exploration is currently restricted to a single mine (Panasqueira).



















Aerial view

Waste tailings











Today, there are doubts about the lifetime of the Panasqueira Mine.

According to MINDAT.ORG, the mine will last approximately 40 more years.

The Centro Region has a favorable geological setting for the occurrence of new Panasqueira-type deposits, although, at a larger depth.

New technologies must be developed for prospecting deep deposits as well as mining exploitation.











The mine waste tailings of the Panasqueira Mine have a great potential for recuperation of other metals, including critical raw materials.

New technologies, including biotools, must be developed for the recycling, reuse and recovery of the mine waste tailings.















Thank you for your kind attention

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